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MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

Dear Members, Partners and Friends,

The year 2010 was a year of development, collaboration and growth for the World Heart Federation. We worked closely with our colleagues from the Chinese Medical Association and the Chinese Society of Cardiology to develop the scientific programme for the World Congress of Cardiology (WCC), held in Beijing in June 2010. An outstanding achievement of the WCC Beijing was its ability to secure a smoke-free congress in a country that has one of the largest smoking populations in the world.

In the advocacy arena, the World Heart Federation used its unique position to provide the heart advocacy movement with an overarching drive that bought together science, advocacy and evidence-based policy. Through collaboration with the NCD Alliance, of which the World Heart Federation is a founding member, we were able to secure a United Nations High-Level Meeting on Non-Communicable Diseases to be held in September 2011.

Throughout the year the World Heart Federation has worked to consolidate and anchor the cardiovascular health community's role in global tobacco control. This has been accomplished as result of its involvement in global partnerships including the Framework Convention Alliance (FCA) and Global Smokefree Partnership (GSP). Preparations for the UN High-Level Meeting proved to be an excellent platform for this collaboration, within tobacco control, to flourish.

Through the "I Work with Heart" campaign, World Heart Day 2010 served as a platform to engage the corporate sector and provide toolkits on how to establish workplace-wellness initiatives. World Heart Day 2010 grew 120 per cent from 2009 with new sectors such as corporations, governments and educational institutions getting involved.

Through its *Kids on the Move* project and *Eat for Goals!* cook book, the World Heart Federation is working to promote healthy diets and physical activity among children in low-resource settings. By means of its Healthy Stadia network, the World Heart Federation was able to work with the NGO Streetfootballworld to develop a toolkit for collaboration with UEFA to promote healthy lifestyles through schools, stadia and football teams in Poland and Ukraine. Work on developing smoke-free policy for Euro 2012 was also instigated so that the first tobacco-free European Football Championship can be held.

Our two journals, *Nature Reviews Cardiology* and *CVD Prevention and Control* continue to provide cardiologists and all those involved in cardiovascular health with articles, reviews and information in the field of cardiology. Furthermore, the World Heart Federation applied research projects have consistently provided tangible outcomes. These projects are carried out with member and partner organizations with the aim of developing case studies and best practices that can be adapted and replicated in similar

settings. Such projects include the China Bridging the Gap (BRIG) and polypill FOCUS initiative projects.

Although 2010 has in many ways been a year of successes for the World Heart Federation, the global burden of cardiovascular disease is continuing to rise and we need to act now, together to curb this trend. We look forward to continued and strengthened collaboration with our members and partners.

Professor Pekka Puska, MD, PhD President, 2009–2010

World Heart Federation strategic priorities

- Raise the priority of cardiovascular health on the global health agenda
- Improve care of heart disease and stroke
- Promote heart-healthy diets and physical activity for all
- Improve recognition and control of high blood pressure globally
- Advance a tobacco-free world
- Eliminate rheumatic fever and minimize the burden of rheumatic heart disease

ACTIVITIES

SHARING SCIENCE AND BUILDING CAPACITY

World Congress of Cardiology 2010

The World Congress of Cardiology (WCC), a biennial event and our platform for sharing science, took place in Beijing, China from 16–19 June 2010 and was organized jointly by the World Heart Federation, the Chinese Society of Cardiology (CSC) and the Chinese Medical Association (CMA). It is THE international stage for leading developments in science and public outreach in the field of cardiovascular health and tackles issues on a global scale through addressing increasing demands for new strategies in the prevention, control, diagnosis and treatment of cardiovascular disease (CVD). The 2010 congress brought together member organizations, healthcare professionals, scientists, public health experts, policy makers and the media to unite in the fight against CVD.

Despite the economic downturn, the WCC was a great success. It was attended by 10,200 participants and delegates from more than 100 countries with the top countries being China, Germany and the United States.

A total 2,741 abstracts were submitted of which 53 per cent were accepted for poster presentations (1,605) and 18 per cent for oral sessions (502). The scientific programme presented global sessions on clinical cardiology, prevention, diagnosis, treatment and heart-health promotion as well as the newly introduced areas of dyslipidemia and metabolic disorders. Topics with specific relevance to the Asia-Pacific region were the focus of main sessions and debates including congenital heart disease, hypertension and tobacco. The congress also featured the 3rd International Conference on Women, Heart Disease and Stroke, and the topic of CVD in women was integrated throughout. Sessions were devoted to understanding how assessment of risk for CVD differs in women and to addressing the magnitude of underdiagnosis and undertreatment.

Dubai 2012

Preparations are progressing well for the WCC 2012 taking place in Dubai from 18–21 April. This is the first time in its 62-year history that the congress will be held in the Gulf region and together with addressing the global burden of disease it will highlight region-specific issues. As 25 per cent of all deaths in the region are heart disease or stroke related, and this rate is set to rise, sessions will be dedicated to how these alarming trends can be reversed. Supporting media activities will ensure the messages are adapted for the general public so that they can take better charge of their heart health. We look forward to WCC 2012 Dubai and to the networking and medical improvements that will result from sharing the best of science from around the globe and within the Gulf and Middle East.

World Congress of Cardiology key statistics

- 85 exhibitors, 16 of which were World Heart Federation member societies
- 154 scientific sessions
- 478 faculty members in attendance
- 1,605 posters presented
- 77 oral abstract sessions (7 papers/session)
- 33 satellite symposia and workshops
- Accredited by the European Board of Accreditation (EBAC) for 18 hours of continuing medical education (CME) credit hours.

http://www.world-heart-federation.org/congress-and-events/world-congress-of-cardiology-scientific-sessions-2010/

"One of the greatest accomplishments of the Beijing World Congress of Cardiology was securing a smoke-free congress in a country which has one of the largest smoking populations in the world."

Capacity Building

The World Heart Federation helps build capacity for the prevention and management of cardiovascular disease (CVD) at the global level through its member networks, congresses and workshops. In 2010 financial contributions were made to the African Heart Network (AHN), the Pan African Society of Cardiology (PASCAR), the European Heart Network (EHN) and the InterAmerican Heart Network (IAHN) to foster regional capacity building and growth.

In conjunction with its World Congress of Cardiology in Beijing, the World Heart Federation hosted a capacity building workshop for members. During the workshop, the 50 members in attendance were able to interact with board members and high-level speakers to discuss the creation of national action plans for CVD, the implementation of clinical guidelines as well as current national policy issues.

Throughout the year the World Heart Federation facilitated member attendance at key high-level political meetings including the World Health Organization (WHO) Regional Meetings in the South East Asia Region, the Western Pacific Region and the Region of the Americas. A statement advocating for increased attention to the burden of CVD and NCDs in the region was given and networking connections were made allowing a foundation for future advocacy and collaboration with WHO at the regional level to be established.

"Building capacity at the local and regional levels to strengthen the global fight against heart disease and stroke."

World Heart Federation Journals

CVD Prevention and Control

One of the objectives for 2010 was to appoint a new Editor-in-Chief for our journal *CVD Prevention and Control* (CVDPC). A number of applications for the position were received and Andy Wielgosz's successor should be in place by January 2011. Another objective was to appoint a new main Editorial Board; a meeting was held in Beijing during the summer of 2010, which provided an excellent opportunity for the new Asia Pacific Society of Cardiology (APSC) editorial team to meet. Similar arrangements are now being made for the 2011 APSC congress in Kuala Lumpur.

Subscriptions

Sub. Type	2007	2008	2009	Nov.2010
Institutional, print	3	1	5	4
Institutional, e-only	26	27	28	27
Personal	5	0	3	3
Member/Delegate	416	0	0	130

As we would expect, following affiliation with the APSC, the proportion of articles submitted from Asia increased. In 2009 only 43 per cent of the published papers were from Asia but in 2010 this increased to 68 per cent. The editorial and production times (online and print) decreased considerably in 2010 and articles are now available online in less than 6 weeks after acceptance. Between January and September there were 1,249 institutes that downloaded full-text articles from ScienceDirect. The total number of article requests in that period was 7,201 with an average of 800 per month. Personal/Member access via www.precon-journal.com was also very high in 2010, with an average of over 600 page-views per month.

Geographical Distribution of Papers

Region	2007	2008	2009	2010
Asia	7	30	43	68
Europe	20	26	14	9
N.America	33	22	14	9
Mid/South America	20	11	7	4
Mid.East	20	7	22	5
Africa/Australasia	0	4	0	5

Nature Reviews Cardiology

Nature Reviews Cardiology is an official publication of the World Heart Federation that prior to 2009 was published under the name Nature Clinical Practice Cardiovascular Medicine. According to the ISI Journal Citation Reports, we have the 6th highest impact factor of all journals in the field of cardiac & cardiovascular systems, which was 5.902 in 2009, and have remained the No.1 monthly review journal in that category. Given that Nature Clinical Practice Cardiovascular Medicine and Nature Reviews Cardiology are the same journal, ISI allows Nature Reviews

Cardiology to use Nature Clinical Practice Cardiovascular Medicine's 2008, 2009 and 2010 impact factors. However, in 2011 and 2012 the journals' two impact factors will be averaged to give a "unified" impact factor.

In June, *Nature Reviews Cardiology* hosted a session titled "Promotion of cardiovascular health through early detection of signs and risk factors for cardiovascular disease" at the 2010 World Congress of Cardiology in Beijing. The session was chaired by Valentin Fuster (who, at the time, was Editor-in-Chief of *Nature Reviews Cardiology*) and Pekka Puska (President of the World Heart Federation and member of the *Nature Reviews Cardiology* Advisory Board), and included talks by Iftikhar Kullo (Mayo Clinic College of Medicine, Rochester, USA), Sumeet Chugh (Cedars-Sinai Medical Center, University of California, Los Angeles, USA), Valentin Fuster (Mount Sinai Medical Center, New York, USA), Peter Liu (Toronto General Hospital, Toronto, Canada), and Ashok Shah (Hopital Cardiologique du Haut Leveque, Bordeaux, France). Accompanying Review articles were published in the June 2010 issue of *Nature Reviews Cardiology*, and a copy of this issue was provided to session attendees. Additionally, a web focus containing these five Reviews as well as other relevant content from Nature Publishing Group journals was published online (http://www.nature.com/nrcardio/focus/cvd).

In keeping with Nature Publishing Group policy, editorial management of *Nature Reviews Cardiology* and all of the clinical Nature Reviews journals was brought entirely in-house at the end of June. Although we no longer have an external Editor-in-Chief, we continued to have an international Advisory Board to advise on important issues in cardiology that should be addressed in the journal. After providing invaluable guidance as Editor-in-Chief during the launch and early years of *Nature Reviews Cardiology*, Valentin Fuster stepped down from this position and joined our Advisory Board at the end of June. We are very pleased that Dr Fuster will continue to champion the journal within the cardiology community through his new role as an Advisory Board member.

A new "Year in Review" section will appear in print in our February 2011 print issue (and online before then). The articles in this section will be written in the style of our News & Views articles and will highlight the top 3–5 papers from set fields published in 2010. We have commissioned six such articles from well-known authorities in the fields of acute coronary syndromes, atherosclerosis, atrial fibrillation, heart failure, hypertension and valvular disease.

"Sharing science, research and knowledge to help avoid the 17.1 million deaths that occur from cardiovascular disease each year."

AWARENESS

World Heart Day

"I Work with Heart" was the slogan for World Heart Day 2010, carrying on the two year workplace wellness theme established in 2009. In addition to encouraging employees to take responsibilty for their heart health, the 2010 campaign had a particular focus on engaging with and providing material to the corporate sector. This included the provision of an Employer's

Resource Guide, which not only provided tips on how companies could set up workplacewellness inititatives but also highlighted best-case examples of successful schemes.

The 2010 campaign marked the 10th anniversary of World Heart Day and in celebration of the great achievements in CVD science, medicine and policy over the past decade, a "State of the Heart – Cardiovascular Disease Report" was produced in partnership with the World Health Organization and the World Economic Forum. Although the publication acknowledged successes, it also called for definition of the challenges still ahead of us in the fight against the world's number one killer.

A post-campaign evaluation showed multi-sectoral involvement and that World Heart Day 2010 grew by 120 per cent compared to 2009, with a total 350 reported activities taking place worldwide in over 85 countries (based on self-reporting, the actual number was much greater). The largest increase in participation was seen among non-members with 286 activities reported, an increase of 211 per cent compared to 2009. Member participation stayed stable overall in 2010 (64 members) when compared to 2009 (68 members), however there were increases in activity seen in specific regions such as South-Eastern Asia: 18 per cent, in Eastern Mediterranean: 13 per cent and in the Americas: 8 per cent. The 2010 campaign also saw increases in the number of activities hosted by specific sectors. In 2009, the highest level of non-member activity was seen in hospitals and clinics however, in 2010 significant increases in participation were observed in corporates/companies: 483 per cent; governments: 263 per cent; and schools/universities: 250 per cent.

As in 2009 the use of the key image and branding was very high, almost 80 per cent of respondents confirmed that they used the World Heart Day key image, allowing for campaign consistency and a global brand identity. The highest level of media coverage in 2010 was in newspapers and magazines, mainly in the local/regional press, followed by television and radio. Media activity was driven through the headline "One Third of Surveyed Workers Believe That Their Workplace Hinders Their Ability to Lead a Healthy Lifestyle" and focused on the results of a consumer survey of 4,000 employees across five job sectors in India, Mexico, Poland and Portugal.

The evaluation results also showed the growing impact of social media (Facebook, Twitter, etc.) on World Heart Day campaigns with usage increasing from 16.3 per cent in 2009 to 30.7 per cent in 2010. Global media activities driven from the World Heart Federation headquarters generated 431 original articles with an audience reach of 101 million, hence combined with national/regional-level efforts the media impact of World Heart Day was huge. A total 96.6 per cent of respondents advised that they planned on running World Heart Day activities in 2011, showing promise for future campaigns

The theme for World Heart Day 2011 will be "One World, One Home, One Heart" and will be held on 29 September, which remains the official date for all future World Heart Day celebrations. The theme will place emphasis on improving heart health in the world, in the home at a national, local and individual level and with those closest to you (heart). With World Heart Day taking place 10 days after the UN High-Level Meeting on Non-Communicable Diseases, it will be used as an

opportunity to bridge the gap between our lobbying and awareness efforts and communicate to the general public how the summit outcomes will impact them and their heart health.

Highlights from members' activities

Foundation Health and Heart Bosnia & Herzegovina: organized screenings for workers and promoted workplace wellness programmes amongst employers. A swim meet was also organized called Swimming with Heart

Heart Foundation of Indonesia: approximately 10,000 participants took part in the Jakarta Red Run 10 K held on Sunday 3 October. Other activities also included health screenings for cholesterol and glucose levels, blood pressure, and BMI.

Nigerian Heart Foundation organized a heart walk and a road show with music and dancers. Free health screenings were organized for the staff of the Nigerian Union of Road Transport Workers (NURTW) and market men and women.

National Heart Foundation of Bangladesh organized a walk through the city of Dhaka as well as a discussion with the Bangladesh Garment Manufacturers and Exporters Association (BGMEA) was organized to raise awareness about the preventive measures of heart disease amongst manufacturing workers and a subcommittee has been formed to foster further collaboration.

The Heart Foundation of Jamaica participated in interviews held on two of the leading radio stations to spread the World Heart Day messaging. A fundraising event was also held which included a tent for a radio broadcast and an information booth with health screening.

www.worldheartday.org

"World Heart Day 2010 served as a platform to engage the corporate sector and provide toolkits on how to establish workplace-wellness initiatives."

Go Red for Women

The International Go Red for Women (GRFW) campaign is the World Heart Federation's response to the alarming reality that most people are unaware cardiovascular disease (CVD) is the number one killer of women worldwide. The campaign works to empower women with the knowledge and tools to protect their heart health. Since the World Heart Federation took this American Heart Association campaign global, the number of members running it in their country has continually increased with the number in 2010 standing at more than 40.

Together with its members, the World Heart Federation developed a very successful campaign in 2010, producing tools and organizing activities to fulfill the GRFW objectives: encourage women to

take better care of their heart health, prompt policy-makers and governments to include CVD in women on health agendas and increase the attention of medical professionals on CVD in women.

World Heart Federation members worked to reach a wide audience in their country by carrying out diverse activities ranging from walks and sports events to health checkups to fundraising events, fashion shows, conferences and general distribution of educational material. To support the members' campaigns, the World Heart Federation revamped its website to feature the latest information on women and CVD, encouraging women to take action and protect their heart. The members' toolkit, designed to provide information, tips and material to develop their national campaign, was revamped and new sections such as a resources page were created to better fulfill our members' needs.

In 2010, the World Heart Federation aimed at increasing recognition of the burden of CVD in women at the political level, through advocacy at the European Parliament, as well as among cardiologists, healthcare professionals and the media. The 3rd International Conference on Women, Heart disease and Stroke held during the World Heart Federation's World Congress of Cardiology 2010 in Beijing served as an excellent opportunity to raise the issue of CVD in women. With more than 10 sessions dedicated to women and heart disease, the specificities of CVD prevention and treatment in women were widely discussed.

Thus far, the International Go Red for Women campaign has been successful in increasing awareness. Only 3 per cent of the Australian population was aware of the CVD threat in 2004, but after implementation of the Go Red for Women campaign this number had risen to 25 per cent in 2007. In the USA, 30 per cent of women recognized heart disease and stroke as their leading cause of death in 1997; now more than 50 per cent know their risks. Going forward, the World Heart Federation will continue supporting its members by providing enhanced material and support, along with working to give the campaign greater visibility as a truly international movement.

Fighting heart disease and saving women's lives starts with knowing the risks however, only a small number of women know that CVD is their number one killer:

- 8% in Singapore (2008)
- 10% in Colombia (2011)
- 20% in Argentina (2007)
- 26% in New Zealand (2008)
- 40% in Norway and Sweden (2009)
- 53% in Finland (2005)

http://www.worldheart.org/grfw

"Thanks to the coordinated efforts of the World Heart Federation and its members, more people know that CVD is the number one killer of women than ever before, putting us one step closer to reducing the burden of CVD in women."

Children and Youth

The World Heart Federation *Kids on the Move* project aims to increase the impact of member activities that promote healthy diets and physical activity among children. In July 2010, *Kids on the Move* organized a workshop that brought together members with ongoing advocacy or settings-based programmes with experts from the World Health Organization, the International Union Against Cancer (UICC), Manchester United Foundation, Community Interventions for Health and the Dell Center for Advancement of Healthy Living. Conclusions of the workshop were presented at a meeting held during the International Union of Health Promotion and Education (IUHPE) World Conference. Since the meeting, the development of an online toolkit has continued by email and phone, coordinated by World Heart Federation member HRIDAY. Participating projects from Nigeria, Poland, South Africa, Iran, Kenya, Mexico and China have submitted proposals for small grants to run projects that strengthen the impact of their existing activities and permit them to pilot the online toolkit. The project and its outcomes are conducted with funding from the Medtronic Foundation as a part of the World Heart Federation partnership with the Union of European Football Associations (UEFA).

By the end of 2010 Eat for Goals!, UEFA and World Heart Federation cookbook that uses footballers to promote healthy cooking and eating among children, was available around Europe in seven languages. Eat for Goals! received greater visibility when the World Heart Federation engaged in a new partnership with Muuvit, which for the past 10 years has implemented a very successful programme promoting physical activity in Finnish schools and is now piloting its approach in Germany and Switzerland (Zurich). Muuvit began to incorporate Eat for Goals! recipes and themes into its online "adventure" that is the basis for activities in the classroom and held a project launch on 17 November in Berlin.

Healthy Stadia

The Healthy Stadia network links stadia committed to promoting health within their communities. In 2010, the network expanded to include new partners in France, Belgium, Georgia and the Netherlands as well as a host of new UK stadia. Working with the NGO Streetfootballworld, Healthy Stadia began to develop a toolkit for collaboration with UEFA to promote healthy lifestyle through schools, stadia and football teams in Poland and Ukraine. Healthy Stadia also collaborated with UEFA, the World Health Organization and the World Heart Federation to plan smoke-free policy for the Euro2012, to ensure the first officially smoke-free European Football Championship.

http://www.world-heart-federation.org/what-we-do/awareness/children-youth/

"Sharing best practice and providing toolkits to promote healthy diet and physical activity among children in low-resource settings."

ADVOCACY

CVD on the global health agenda

2010 has been a pivotal year in the World Heart Federation's global advocacy efforts. A landmark decision by the United Nations (UN) in May of 2010 to hold a High-Level Meeting (HLM) on Noncommunicable Diseases (NCDs), inclusion of cardiovascular disease (CVD) in major international, regional and national meetings, summits, and conferences, as well as recognition of the links between poverty and CVD, have ensured that we are setting a clear path to the achievement of our strategic priorities.

After the World Heart Federation and its sister federations: the International Diabetes Federation, the Union for International Cancer Control and the International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease joined forces under the umbrella of the NCD Alliance, the NCD civil society movement has only continued to grow. On 13 May 2010, after successful advocacy on the part of the World Heart Federation and the NCD Alliance, the UN voted unanimously for the passage of resolution 64/265, "Prevention and control of non-communicable diseases" calling for Heads of State to address NCDs in a HLM to be convened in September 2011. This resolution serves as a major political statement that has the potential to make CVD and NCDs a priority among international leaders and secure multisectoral commitment for their prevention and control.

The World Heart Federation has been working with its members, the wider global CVD community and the NCD Alliance to ensure a successful outcome to the Summit in September 2011. By strategically aligning with groups representing other leading NCDs, the power of the CVD community has been strengthened and together we were mobilized to carry joint messages at the country and global levels. Key to this work has been securing the participation of civil society. World Heart Federation members have been actively involved in Summit preparations by attending relevant high level forums and meetings, building national capacity through the creation of national and regional NCD Alliances, and working with governments to develop a frameworks of action. Through coordinated efforts, the World Heart Federation has been successful in shaping the outcome of the Modalities Resolution negotiations held in December, which defined the length and process of the Summit. As we move forward, our members will continue to provide leadership and are working on an Advocacy Workshop for the CVD community to be held prior to the HLM.

In anticipation of the Summit and building on our six strategic priorities, the World Heart Federation has worked with members to identify key cardiovascular disease priorities to advocate for at the international level. The priorities included in the Cardiovascular Disease Outcomes Document will contribute to the long-term global advocacy strategy of the organization and provide our members a leadership role in the advocacy process. As the World Heart Federation works to raise the profile of CVD and NCDs, this document will form the basis of global advocacy teleconferences organized to inform and educate on CVD progress. The Outcomes Document is expected to be submitted for final member review in early 2011.

As the Summit approaches, the World Heart Federation has taken the lead on developing a global CVD advocacy strategy to ensure that the outcomes of the HLM are followed up on and achieved

and momentum is maintained. Social media strategies have been developed to reach new audiences and an additional section of our website that is dedicated to the global health agenda has been created to foster the sharing of knowledge. As the owner of the World Congress of Cardiology, World Heart Day communication platforms, and the International Go Red for Women Campaign, the World Heart Federation is in a unique position to drive and follow up on the progress of actions initiated as an outcome of the Summit. The scientific expertise of the cardiology community has been bridged with that of the public health, policy and advocacy communities, creating a sense of unity in ensuring that health promotion and disease prevention polices are evidence based and scientifically sound. Additionally, it allowed for discussion around the need to address the chronicity of infectious disease and those endemic diseases (rheumatic heart disease) of the poorest populations.

Following the publication of the WHO Action Plan for the Global Strategy for the Prevention and Control of NCDs, the World Heart Federation will play a key role as a member of the WHO Global Non-Communicable Disease Network (NCDnet) International Advisory Council. It also works closely to coordinate activities to raise awareness of CVD and will continue to ensure effective collaboration moving forward.

http://www.world-heart-federation.org/what-we-do/advocacy/global-health-agenda/

"The unique position of the World Heart Federation has been successful in providing the heart advocacy movement with an overarching drive that brings together science, advocacy and evidence-based policy."

Global tobacco control

The World Heart Federation worked throughout the year to consolidate and anchor the cardiovascular health community's role in global tobacco control. Through its involvement in global partnerships including the Framework Convention Alliance (FCA) and Global Smokefree Partnership (GSP), the World Heart Federation collaborated with leading actors in global tobacco control. At its World Congress of Cardiology (WCC) in Beijing, it worked with over 15 tobacco control organizations to make WCC Beijing a strong platform for tobacco control. This led to a significant increase in the tobacco control content of the congress, drawing in top tobacco control experts and providing them with good exposure through media activities and parallel events organized with local advocacy groups.

The World Heart Federation represented the global cardiovascular health community at key tobacco control fora over the year. At the Fourth Conference of the Parties (COP) of the Framework Convention on Tobacco Control (FCTC) held in Punta del Este, it led a sizeable delegation of its members and partners and joined partners in the NCD Alliance to make an intervention urging the COP to support inclusion of full and rapid implementation of the FCTC as a key objective for the UN High-level Meeting on Non-Communicable Diseases (NCDs) the following year. It also held a meeting with members and partners attending the COP to consult on future

directions that the heart health community should take to enhance its support for global tobacco control advocacy.

During WCC Bejing, the World Heart Federation launched a new GSP project, *Warning: Secondhand Smoke is Hazardous to your Heart*. The resource, available online and as a DVD, includes a paper on secondhand smoke produced with the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), and a companion film featuring cardiologist champions of smoke-free policy. A Spanish version of the film was launched at the South American Cardiology Society Congress in Uruguay (CardioSur), reinforcing the congress's strong emphasis on tobacco control in the run-up to the Conference of the Parties to the Framework Convention on Tobacco Control (FCTC) held shortly thereafter in Uruguay. Spanish cardiologists used the film and paper to support enforcement of their new, strong smoke-free legislation, and other members and partners showed or distributed the film in cardiology and tobacco-control events around the world.

http://www.world-heart-federation.org/what-we-do/advocacy/tobacco-control/

"Although many are aware of the lung health dangers of tobacco, few associate it with cardiovascular disease. As tobacco is one of the most important risk factors for CVD, the World Heart Federation is working with members to increase awareness of the threat that tobacco poses to cardiovascular health."

APPLIED RESEARCH

The polypill FOCUS project

In 2010 the World Heart Federation continued its support of the Spanish National Centre for Cardiovascular Research (CNIC) polypill initiative: FOCUS. The overall objective of the project is to improve the efficacy of secondary cardiovascular prevention by increasing availability and affordability of medication in low-income environments while at the same time reducing the lack of adherence to treatment.

The main hypotheses of the FOCUS project are:

1) Poor accessibility to medical care and lack of affordability to treatment preclude adequate cardiovascular prevention not only in middle- and low-income countries, but also in the lowest economic segments of rich countries. In addition, treatment complexity determines inappropriate prescription and lack of medication adherence. Elevated depressive symptoms, low social support and higher anxiety reduce the level of adherence to post myocardial infarction-prescribed drugs and are related to higher levels of blood pressure and worse lipid profile. The investigators

consider that all these factors should be studied in a variety of countries, cultural settings and health systems in order to establish to what extent they are responsible for poor risk factor control.

2) Strategies that simplify treatment regimes but still provide the required interventions will improve patients' management and adherence. The investigators consider that a Fixed Dose Combination (FDC) including three components with well demonstrated efficacy will improve secondary prevention in coronary patients by reducing complexity of treatment and lack of adherence.

Two separate, complementary, phases are proposed: Phase #1: "Factors determining inadequate treatment in patients with established cardiovascular disease (secondary cardiovascular prevention)", a descriptive non-interventional study. Phase #2: "Effect of a FDC Drug including Acetyl- salicylic Acid (ASA), a Statin and an Angiotensin Converting Enzyme Inhibitor (ACEI) on treatment adherence and control of risk factors" a controlled randomized trial.

The project will be carried out in selected countries in Europe and South America in order to include different clinical sectors, healthcare settings and population segments.

A manuscript on the study design and objectives is currently being submitted to a cardiovascular journal.

"Implementing strategies to improve patient treatment regimes."

Bridging the Gap (BRIG) Project: China

The BRIG project is a demonstration project of the World Heart Federation conducted in China with the aim of improving the quality of care of coronary heart disease (CHD) patients nationwide. There are three project phases, the first phase established a baseline for quality of care and identified problems in treatment of coronary heart disease at different levels of care and in different regions.

Phase two of the project identified the major barriers to implementing evidence-based clinical practice. It examined routine clinical care for coronary heart disease patients, including recommending lifestyle modifications and use of medication. These were compared to current guidelines of secondary prevention of coronary heart disease.

Phase three (currently underway) will seek solutions to close the gap between guidelines and practice in the care of coronary heart disease patients. The main questions for phase three will revolve around determining the amount of knowledge of secondary prevention strategies for CHD held by cardiology nurses in China. Specific intervention strategies will be designed based on the problems and barriers identified in the first two phases of the project. This final phase of the project will test the ability of a short, specific training course on current scientific knowledge for CHD secondary prevention and a specifically designed tool with simplified expression of key CHD secondary prevention messages to aid cardiology nurses in providing patient education. The feasibility and impact of these strategies will be evaluated. As a final result, the project will provide evidence-based proposals for improvement of quality of care of CHD in China.

"Identifying the barriers between secondary prevention guidelines and clinical practice in patients with coronary heart disease."

PARTNERSHIPS

The World Heart Federation multiplies its reach through effective partnerships and our strength lies in our member organizations, who are at the centre of all our activities. Communicating and engaging with them has continued to be a priority, specifically in the preparation work for the United Nations High-Level Meeting on Non-Communicable Diseases (NCDs). Their national level advocacy efforts helped to reach global objectives driven by the World Heart Federation. Aligning strategies ensured that we spoke with a united voice and this had an even bigger impact when combined with our NCD Alliance activities.

Working with the business community

Corporate partnerships provide the World Heart Federation with essential funding so that we can achieve our strategic objectives and fulfill our mission to "Unite our members and lead the global fight against heart disease and stroke"

The Atrial Fibrillation (AF) AWARE campaign entered its second year and continued to have a great reach to patients and healthcare professionals thanks to funding from sanofi-aventis. We also created a pack that was distributed to members during the World Congress of Cardiology 2010 in Beijing and an AF AWARE members workshop was organized in Slovenia. The Report "How AWARE are you" was launched in November 2010.

Our partnership with Unilever ensured that the Heart Age tool, which allows individuals to understand and manage their cardiovascular risk, was fully developed, disseminated and promoted. The tool is available through the World Heart Federation and Unilever websites and was also used during the WCC 2010 in Beijing. This partnership allows us to educate people on the importance of a healthy diet and reducing their saturated fat intake.

In 2010, the World Heart Federation signed a 3year partnership with Bayer. In China, this partnership supports the Bridging the Gap (BRIG) project, which aims to improve the quality of care of coronary heart disease (CHD) patients. It is a collaborative project between the World Heart Federation, the Beijing Institute of Heart, Lung & Blood Vessel Diseases-Beijing Anzhen Hospital, the Chinese Society of Cardiology and the China National Health Heart Programme. To foster the sharing of knowledge, an e-newsletter was developed to allow quick dissemination of information on cardiovascular disease prevention and treatment options to all its members and journalists.

Medtronic, Pfizer, Novartis plus our three major corporate sponsors Bayer, sanofi-aventis and Unilever all supported World Heart Day.

"Working in partnership to fulfill the World Heart Federation's vision for people all over the world to have a longer and better life through the prevention and control of heart disease and stroke."

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World Heart Federation Members Continental Members 2010

African Heart Network (AHN)

Asia Pacific Heart Network (APHN)

Asia Pacific Society of Cardiology (APSC)

European Heart Network (EHN)

European Society of Cardiology (ESC)

InterAmerican Heart Foundation (IAHF)

Interamerican Society of Cardiology (IASC)

Pan-African Society of Cardiology

(PASCAR)

National Members 2010

Algeria

Algerian Society of Cardiology

Argentina

Argentine Heart Foundation

Argentine Society of Cardiology

Australia

National Heart Foundation of Australia

The Cardiac Society of Australia & New

Zealand

Austria

Austrian Heart Foundation

Austrian Society of Cardiology

Bangladesh

National Heart Foundation of Bangladesh

Bangladesh Cardiac Society

Barbados

Heart & Stroke Foundation of Barbados

Belarus

Belarusian Scientific Society of

Cardiologists

Belgium

Belgian Heart League

Belgian Society of Cardiology

Bolivia

Bolivian Society of Cardiology

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Foundation of Health and Heart

Association of Cardiologists of Bosnia and

Herzegovina

Brazil

Brazilian Heart Foundation (FUNCOR)

Brazilian Society of Cardiology

Bulgaria

Bulgarian Society of Cardiology

Cameroon

Cameroon Heart Foundation

Canada

Heart and Stroke Foundation of Canada

Canadian Cardiovascular Society

Chile

Chilean Heart Foundation

Chilean Society of Cardiology &

Cardiovascular Surgery

China

Chinese Society of Cardiology

Macau Heart Foundation

Macau Association of Cardiology

The Hong Kong Heart Foundation

Hong Kong College of Cardiology

Taiwan Society of Cardiology

Taiwan Heart Foundation

Colombia

Colombian Society of Cardiology

Congo

A Heart for Life

Croatia

Croatian Cardiac Society

Cuba

Cuban Society of Cardiology

Cyprus

Cyprus Heart Foundation

Cyprus Society of Cardiology

Czech Republic

Czech Society of Cardiology

Denmark

Danish Heart Foundation

Danish Society of Cardiology

Dominican Republic

Dominican Heart Foundation

Dominican Society of Cardiology

Ecuador

Ecuadorian Foundation of Cardiology

Ecuadorian Society of Cardiology

Egypt

Egyptian Society of Cardiology

El Salvador

Society of Cardiology of El Salvador

Estonia

Estonian Heart Association

Finland

Finnish Heart Association Finnish Cardiac Society

France

French Society of Cardiology

Georgia

Georgian Heart Foundation

Georgian Association of Cardiology

Germany

German Heart Foundation

Ghana

Ghana Heart Foundation

Ghana Society of Hypertension and

Cardiology

Greece

Hellenic Heart Foundation Hellenic Cardiological Society

Guatemala

Guatemala Association of Cardiology

Honduras

Honduras Society of Cardiology

Hungary

Hungarian National Heart Foundation Hungarian Society of Cardiology

Iceland

Icelandic Heart Association

India

All India Heart Foundation
Cardiological Society of India

Indonesia

Heart Foundation of Indonesia Indonesian Heart Association

Iran

Iranian Heart Foundation Iranian Heart Association

Iraq

Iraqi Cardio-Thoracic Society

Ireland

Irish Heart Foundation

Irish Cardiac Society

Israel

Israel Heart Society

Italy

Italian Heart Foundation

Italian Federation of Cardiology

Jamaica

The Heart Foundation of Jamaica

Japan

Japan Heart Foundation
Japanese Circulation Society

Kazakhstan

Association of Cardiologists of Kazakhstan

Kenya

Kenya Heart National Foundation

Kenya Cardiac Society

Korea

The Korean Society of Circulation

Kuwait

Kuwait Heart Foundation

Kyrgyzstan

Scientific Society of Cardiologists of the

Kyrgyz Republic

Latvia

Latvian Society of Cardiology

Lebanon

Lebanese Society of Cardiology and

Cardiac Surgery

Libya

Libyan society of Cardiology

Lithuania

Lithuanian Heart Association
Lithuanian Society of Cardiology

Macedonia

Macedonian Society of Cardiology

Malavsia

The Heart Foundation of Malaysia National Heart Association of Malaysia

Malta

Malta Heart Foundation

Mauritius

Mauritius Heart Foundation

Mexico

Mexican Society of Cardiology

Moldova

Moldavian Society of Cardiology

Mongolia

Mongolian Heart Association

Mozambique

Heart Association of Mozambique

Myanmar

Cardiac Society of Myanmar Medical

Association

Nepal

Nepal Heart Foundation Cardiac Society of Nepal

Netherlands

Netherlands Heart Foundation

New Zealand

The Cardiac Society of Australia & New

Zealand

The National Heart Foundation of New

Zealand

Nicaragua

Nicaraguan Society of Cardiology

Nigeria

Nigerian Heart Foundation Nigerian Cardiac Society

Norway

Norwegian Council on CVD

Norwegian Society of Cardiology

Pakistan

Pakistan Heart Foundation Pakistan Cardiac Society

Panama

Cardiological Foundation of Panama Society of Cardiology of Panama

Papua New Guinea

National Heart Foundation of Papua New

Guinea **Paraguay**

Paraguayan Heart Foundation

Paraguayan Society of Cardiology

Peru

Peruvian Society of Cardiology

Philippines

Heart Foundation of the Philippines

Philippine Heart Association

Poland

Polish Cardiac Society

Portugal

Portuguese Heart Foundation
Portuguese Society of Cardiology

Puerto Rico

Puerto Rican Society of Cardiology

Romania

Foundation for Cardiac Assistance

(ASCAR)

Romanian Society of Cardiology

Russian Federation

Society of Cardiology of the Russian

Federation

Rwanda

Rwanda Heart Foundation

San Marino

San Marino Society of Cardiology

Saudi Arabia

Saudi Heart Association

Senegal

Senegalese Society of Cardiology

Serbia

Serbian Heart Foundation Cardiology Society of Serbia

Seychelles

Seychelles Heart and Stroke Foundation

Singapore

Singapore Heart Foundation Singapore Cardiac Society

Slovakia

Slovak League Heart to Heart Slovak Society of Cardiology

Slovenia

Slovenian Heart Foundation Slovenian Society of Cardiology

South Africa

Heart and Stroke Foundation South Africa The South African Heart Association

Spain

Spanish Heart Foundation Spanish Society of Cardiology

Sri Lanka

Sri Lanka Heart Association

Sudan

Sudan Heart Institute

Sweden

Swedish Heart-Lung Foundation

Switzerland

Swiss Heart Foundation Swiss Society of Cardiology

Syria

Syrian Cardiovascular Association

Thailand

The Heart Foundation of Thailand The Heart Association of Thailand

Tunisia

Tunisian Heart Foundation

Turkey

Turkish Heart Foundation
Turkish Society of Cardiology

Uganda

Uganda Heart Research Foundation

Ukraine

Ukrainian Society of Cardiology

United Arab Emirates

Emirates Cardiac Society

United Kingdom

British Heart Foundation

British Cardiac Society

United States of America

American Heart Association

American College of Cardiology

Uruguay

Uruguayan Society of Cardiology

Venezuela

Venezuelan Heart Foundation

Venezuelan Society of Cardiology

Vietnam

Vietnam National Heart Association

Zambia

Zambia Heart and Stroke Foundation

Associate International Members 2010

Aide au Développement de la Santé (Help for the Development of Health)

Arrhythmia Alliance

Association of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgeons of Asia

Children's HeartLink

Cœurs pour Tous (Hearts for All)

Fundacion Araucaria

Heart Friends around the World

Heartfile

International Academy of Cardiovascular Sciences

International Council of Nurses

International Forum for Hypertension Control and Cardiovascular Diseases Prevention in Africa

International Self-Monitoring Association of Oral Anticoagulated Patients (ISMAAP)

International Society for Heart Research

International Society for Holter & Non-Invasive Electrocardiology

International Society of Cardiomyopathy and Heart Failure

International Society of Cardiovascular Disease Epidemiology and Prevention

International Society of Cardiovascular Pharmacotherapy

International Society of Cardiovascular Ultrasound

Preventive Cardiovascular Nurses Association PCNA

ProCOR/Lown Cardiovascular Research Foundation

The Society of Chest Pain Centers

World Heart Failure Society

World Stroke Organization

Associate Individual Members 2010

Afghanistan

Azzizullah Amir, MD

Bhutan

Tashi Wangdi, MD

Laos

Vang Chu, MD

Seychelles

Pascal Bovet, MD

Trinidad and Tobago

Theo Poon-King, MD

Zimbabwe

Jephat Chifamba, MD

Associate National Members 2010

Bangladesh

Heart Care Foundation Comilla

India

Academy of Cardiology at Mumbai Cardio Vascular Society of India Public Health Foundation of India

Indonesia

Indonesian Cardiocerebrovascular Society

Malaysia

Sarawak Heart Foundation

Norway

Norwegian Heart and Lung Patient

Organization

Philippines

Foundation for Lay Education on Heart

Diseases

United Kingdom

Heart Research UK



Report of the auditors to the General Assembly of the World Heart Federation Geneva

Report of the auditors on the financial statements

As auditors, we have audited the financial statements of the World Heart Federation on pages 23 to 39, which comprise the statement of assets, liabilities and reserve funds, statement of receipts and operating expenditure, cash flow statement, statement of changes in reserve funds and notes, for the year ended 31 December 2010. As permitted by Swiss GAAP FER 21, the information in the performance report is not required to be subject to audit.

Board's Responsibility

The Board is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of Swiss law and the World Heart Federation's bylaws. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining an internal control system relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. The Board is further responsible for selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers the internal control system relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control system. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 give a true and fair view of the financial position, the results of operations and the cash flows in accordance with Swiss GAAP FER 21 and comply with Swiss law and the World Heart Federation's bylaws.

PricewaterhouseCoopers SA

William M. Wright Audit expert Auditor in charge Marc Secretan Audit expert

Geneva, 17 May 2011

PricewaterhouseCoopers SA, avenue Giuseppe-Motta 50, Case postale, CH-1211 Genève 2, Switzerland Telephone: +41 58 792 91 00, Facsimile: +41 58 792 91 10, www.pwc.ch

PricewaterhouseCoopers SA fait partie d'un réseau global de sociétés juridiquement autonomes, indépendantes les unes des autres.

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND RESERVE FUNDS

for the year ended 31 December

(Expressed in Swiss francs)

Current assets Cash and cash equivalents 1'097'043 949'870 Accounts receivable - 812'884 Prepaid expenses 532'350 1'041'440 Accounts receivable members and donors 1 d) 552'845 533'872 Total current assets 2'182'238 3'338'066 Non current assets 2'182'238 3'338'066 Non current assets 61'267 61'102 Escrowed deposits 61'267 61'102 Net fixed assets 1 f), 11 109'421 123'209 Total non current assets 1'706'446 2'028'564 Total assets 3'888'684 5'366'630 Liabilities and Reserve Funds 5'366'630 Liabilities 679'395 625'115 Accounts payable and accruals 1'018'107 466'040 WCC 2012 deferred excess 12 23'950 VCC 2012 deferred excess 12 23'950 Loan - 1'491'778 Loan - 1'491'778 Loan -		Notes	2010	2009
Cash and cash equivalents 1'097'043 949'870 Accounts receivable - 812'884 Prepaid expenses 532'350 1'041'440 Accounts receivable members and donors 1 d) 552'845 533'872 Total current assets 2'182'238 3'338'066 Non current assets 1 e) 1'535'758 1'844'253 Escrowed deposits 61'267 61'102 Net fixed assets 1 f), 11 109'421 123'209 Total non current assets 1'706'446 2'028'564 Total assets 3'888'684 5'366'630 Liabilities 3'888'684 5'366'630 Liabilities 679'395 625'115 Accounts payable and accruals 1'018'107 466'040 WCC 2012 deferred excess 12 23'950 - WCC 2012 deferred excess 12 23'950 - WCC 2012 deferred excess 12 23'950 - WCC 2014 deferred excess 1 1'1721'452 2'893'052 Reserve funds 1'721'452<	Assets			
Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses 532'350 1'041'440 Accounts receivable members and donors 1 d) 552'845 533'872 Total current assets 2'182'238 3'338'066 Non current assets Investments 1 e) 1'535'758 1844'253 Escrowed deposits 61'267 61'102 Net fixed assets 110.11 109'421 123'209 Total non current assets 1'1706'446 2'028'564 Total assets 3'888'684 5'366'630 Liabilities and Reserve Funds Liabilities Cash and cash equivalents 679'395 625'115 Accounts payable and accruals 1'018'107 466'040 WCC 2012 deferred excess 12 23'950 1491'778 Loan - 310'119 Total liabilities 1'721'452 2'893'052 Reserve funds General reserve fund 1'661'921 1'881'148 Restricted income funds 505'311 592'430 Total reserve funds 2'167'232 2'473'578	Current assets			
Non current assets 2'182'238 3'338'066	Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses		- 532'350	812'884 1'041'440
Non current assets 1e 1'535'758 1'844'253 Escrowed deposits 61'267 61'102 Net fixed assets 10,11 109'421 123'209 Total non current assets 1'706'446 2'028'564 Total assets 3'888'684 5'366'630		1 d)		
Investments	Total current assets		2'182'238	3'338'066
Escrowed deposits 61'267 61'102 Net fixed assets 11,11 109'421 123'209 Total non current assets 1'706'446 2'028'564 Total assets 3'888'684 5'366'630 Liabilities and Reserve Funds	Non current assets			
Total non current assets 1'706'446 2'028'564 Total assets 3'888'684 5'366'630 Liabilities and Reserve Funds Cash and cash equivalents 679'395 625'115 Accounts payable and accruals 1'018'107 466'040 WCC 2012 deferred excess 12 23'950 - WCC 2010 deferred excess - 1'491'778 Loan - 310'119 Total liabilities 1'721'452 2'893'052 Reserve funds 505'311 592'430 Total reserve funds 2'167'232 2'473'578	Escrowed deposits	·	61'267	61'102
Liabilities and Reserve Funds Liabilities 679'395 625'115 Cash and cash equivalents 1'018'107 466'040 WCC 2012 deferred excess 12 23'950 - WCC 2010 deferred excess - 1'491'778 Loan - 310'119 Total liabilities 1'721'452 2'893'052 Reserve funds 1'661'921 1'881'148 Restricted income funds 505'311 592'430 Total reserve funds 2'167'232 2'473'578	Total non current assets	,,		2'028'564
Liabilities Cash and cash equivalents 679'395 625'115 Accounts payable and accruals 1'018'107 466'040 WCC 2012 deferred excess 12 23'950 - WCC 2010 deferred excess - 1'491'778 Loan - 310'119 Total liabilities 1'721'452 2'893'052 Reserve funds General reserve fund 1'661'921 1'881'148 Restricted income funds 505'311 592'430 Total reserve funds 2'167'232 2'473'578	Total assets		3'888'684	5'366'630
Cash and cash equivalents 679'395 625'115 Accounts payable and accruals 1'018'107 466'040 WCC 2012 deferred excess 12 23'950 - WCC 2010 deferred excess - 1'491'778 Loan - 310'119 Total liabilities 1'721'452 2'893'052 Reserve funds General reserve fund 1'661'921 1'881'148 Restricted income funds 505'311 592'430 Total reserve funds 2'167'232 2'473'578	Liabilities and Reserve Funds			
Accounts payable and accruals 1'018'107 466'040 WCC 2012 deferred excess 12 23'950 - WCC 2010 deferred excess - 1'491'778 Loan - 310'119 Total liabilities 1'721'452 2'893'052 Reserve funds 2'893'052 Restricted income funds 505'311 592'430 Total reserve funds 2'167'232 2'473'578				
WCC 2012 deferred excess 12 23'950 - WCC 2010 deferred excess - 1'491'778 Loan - 310'119 Total liabilities 1'721'452 2'893'052 Reserve funds General reserve fund 1'661'921 1'881'148 Restricted income funds 505'311 592'430 Total reserve funds 2'167'232 2'473'578				
Loan - 310'119 Total liabilities 1'721'452 2'893'052 Reserve funds - 1'661'921 1'881'148 Restricted income funds 505'311 592'430 Total reserve funds 2'167'232 2'473'578	· · ·	12		-
Reserve funds General reserve fund 1'661'921 1'881'148 Restricted income funds 505'311 592'430 Total reserve funds 2'167'232 2'473'578			-	
General reserve fund 1'661'921 1'881'148 Restricted income funds 505'311 592'430 Total reserve funds 2'167'232 2'473'578	Total liabilities		1'721'452	2'893'052
Restricted income funds 505'311 592'430 Total reserve funds 2'167'232 2'473'578	Reserve funds			
Total reserve funds 2'167'232 2'473'578				
Total liabilities and reserve funds 3'888'684 5'366'630	rotar reserve rurius			
	Total liabilities and reserve funds		3'888'684	5'366'630

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND OPERATING EXPENDITURE

for the year ended 31 December

(Expressed in Swiss francs)

Operating receipts			
Membership fees			
Current year	2	539,458	560,206
Arrears	3	-131,449	-
Congresses World Congress of Cardiology 2010		868,247	
World Congress of Cardiology 2010 Corporate partnerships	4	000,247	-
Unrestricted	7	1,208,964	1,222,920
Restricted		-	489,568
Corporates	4		,
Unrestricted		181,820	20,326
Restricted		27,238	275,587
Friends	4		
Unrestricted		- 17 067	150,000
Restricted Foundations	4	17,867	150,000
Restricted	7	523,583	285,652
Organizations	4	020,000	200,002
Unrestricted	•	354,255	404,920
Restricted		211,782	125,350
European Commission	4		
Restricted		21,684	-
Other donors	4	5.007	04.004
Unrestricted	4	5,627	31,621
Restricted Bank interest and money market fund income	4	- 37,871	3,424 43,783
Bank interest and money market fund income		37,071	43,703
Total operating receipts		3,866,947	3,613,358
Operating expenditure			
Connectories	E	044 726	1.060.764
Secretariat Development and Member Communications	5 5	941,736 849,527	1,060,764 1,017,251
Meetings and Member Congresses	5	229,900	54,705
Activities	6	417,985	431,559
Projects	6	1,418,274	1,282,515
Total approxing expanditure		2 957 422	2 946 704
Total operating expenditure		3,857,422	3,846,794
(Shortage) / excess of operating receipts over expenditure		9,525	(233,436)
Gains and losses on investments			
Net (loss) / gain on investments	7	(315,873_)	216,225
(Shortage) / excess of operating receipts over expenditure		(306,346)	(17,211)
General reserve fund at the beginning of the year		1,881,148	1,910,304
Restricted income allocated to Restricted Income funds		(802,154)	(1,329,581)
EPI Fund allocated to general reserve Restricted income withdrawn from Restricted Income funds		889,272	1,317,636
General reserve fund at the end of the year		1,661,921	1,881,148

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RESERVE FUNDS

	Opening balance 2010	sult	Allocations to restricted income funds	Withdrawals from restricted income funds	Closing balance 2010
	Openi	2010 result	Allocations to income funds	Withdr	Closin
General reserve fund	1'881'148	(306'346)	(802'154)	889'273	1'661'921
Restricted income funds Total reserve funds	592'430 2'473'578	(306'346)	802'154 -	(889'273)	505'311 2'167'232
	Opening balance 2009	2009 result	Allocations to restricted income funds	Withdrawals from restricted income funds	Closing balance 2009
General reserve fund Restricted Income funds Total reserve funds	1'910'304 580'485 2'490'789	(17'211) - (17'211)	(1'329'581) 1'329'581	1'317'636 (1'317'636)	1'881'148 592'430 2'473'578
i otal reserve lanas	<u> </u>	(11 = 11)			<u> </u>

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

		2010			2009	
	_	CHF		_	CHF	
Cash flows from operating activities						
(Shortage) / Excess of operating receipts over expenditure	(306,346)	(17,211)
Depreciation and amortisation		71,252	_		94,831	_
Cash flow from operating activities before changes	(235,094)		77,620	
in working capital						
(Increase) / Decrease in account receivable and proposid evinences		1 221 074		,	010.063	`
(Increase) / Decrease in account receivable and prepaid expenses (Increase) / Decrease in account receivable membership fees and donors	(1,321,974 18,973)	(910,863 434,483	•
Increase / (Decrease) in accounts payable and accruals	`	552,067	,	(330,823	,
Increase / (Decrease) in deferred gain WCC 2010	(1,467,828)	`	1,491,778	,
Net cash generated from operating activities	-	152,147	-	(106,771)
Cash flows used for investing activities						
(Increase) / Decrease in investments and deposits		308,330		(229,334	١
(Increase) / Decrease in fixed asset purchases	(57,465)	(34,708	•
Increase / (Decrease) in loan	(310,119	,	`	310,119	,
Net cash used for investing activities	(59,254)		46,077	
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	_	92,893	-	(_	60,694	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		324,755	_		385,449	-
Total of cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	_	417,647	-	_	324,755	•
	=		=	=		•

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1a Introduction

The financial statements of the World Heart Federation ("the Federation") have been prepared in accordance with the Swiss Accounting and Reporting Recommendations FER/ARR ("Swiss GAAP") and in conformity with Swiss law.

1b Basis of presentation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and on an accrual basis. These financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position and the results of the Federation.

Operating receipts are recorded as income on an accrual basis, according to the date of contract, or, if no contract exists, date of invoice.

Revenues and expenses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Restricted income received is allocated to the Restricted Income reserve, while expenses incurred on restricted projects are withdrawn from the Restricted Income reserve.

1c Foreign currency translation

The Federation's accounting records are maintained in Swiss francs. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the Swiss franc are recorded on the basis of exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Income and expenditure in currencies other than the Swiss franc are recorded on the basis of exchange rates at the transaction date.

1d Accounts receivable

Amounts recorded as accounts receivable represent amounts invoiced or earned contractually at each balance sheet date but not yet received. A provision for bad debt of accounts receivable is established when there is evidence that the Federation will not be able to collect all amounts due.

1e Investments

Investments consist of equity and debt securities that are traded by the Federation's authorized custodians in liquid markets. Investments are shown in the financial statements at market value at each balance sheet date.

1f Fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at acquisition cost less depreciation. Depreciation is calculated and charged using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, which range from 3-5 years.

1g Deferred income

Deferred income represents membership fees that were invoiced before the balance sheet date, in respect to a future year, which are recognized in the Statement of Receipts and Operating Expenditure in the following year.

1h Leasing

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases and are charged to the statement of receipts and operating expenditure on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. A lease over an asset where the Federation has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership is classified as a finance lease. This finance lease is capitalized at the lease's commencement at the lower of the fair value of the asset and the present value of the minimum lease commitment. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the finance balance outstanding. The asset acquired under finance lease is depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term.

NOTE 2 - MEMBERSHIP FEES RECOGNISED IN THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 - PAGE 1

Country	CHF	Country	CHF
Argentina	4,559		
Australia	12,099	Nicaragua	450
Austria	7,035	Norway	2,955
Bangladesh	450	Pakistan	1,407
Barbados	562	Papua New Guinea	450
Belgium	7,878	Paraguay	450
Bolivia	450	Peru	450
Bosnia and Herzegovina	546	Philippines	1,267
Brazil	11,255	Poland	2,251
Bulgaria	562	Portugal	4,221
Canada	15,474	Romania	562
Chile	1,407	San Marino	562
China:		Saudi Arabia	5,347
China	4,109	Serbia	1,124
Hong Kong	2,814	Singapore	2,251
Macao	281	Slovakia	1,126
Taiwan	2,814	Slovenia	1,126
Colombia	1,407	South Africa	2,688
Cyprus	562	Spain	14,069
Czech Republic	985	Sri Lanka	450
Denmark	7,316	Sweden	5,066
Dominican Republic	450	Thailand	2,251
El Salvador	450	Turkey	2,251
Finland	5,628	United Arab Emirates	2,251
Georgia	450	United Kingdom	34,891
Germany	21,103	United States of America	140,690
Ghana	1,562	Uruguay	562
Greece	2,251	Venezuela	2,251
Hungary	1,407		397,790
Iceland	562		
India	1,688		
Indonesia	1,970	Membership fees to be received	
Iraq	450		
Iran	1,126	page1	<u>99,946</u>
Ireland	2,252		. 407 700
Israel	2,814	Total membership fees to be rec	cognisec 497,736
Italy	14,069	in 2010, page 1	
Jamaica	450 563		
Kenya	562		
Latvia	562 562		
Libyan	562 563		
Lithuania Magadania	562		
Macedonia Malaysia	450		
Malaysia Malta	1,970 562		
Mauritius	562 562		
	450		
Nepal Netherlands	12,662		
New Zealand	4,220		
14CW ZCAIAIIU	7,220		

NOTE 2 - MEMBERSHIP FEES RECOGNISED IN THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010 - PAGE 2

Associate National / International Me	mbers	Continental Societies	
	CHF		CHF
Academy of Cardiology at Mumbai	562	AHN	1,000
ADS - Aide au développement	1,000	APHN	, -
Arrhythmia Alliance	, -	APSC	1,000
Cardio Vascular Society of India	562	EHN	1,000
Children's HeartLink	200	ESC	1,000
Foundation for Lay Education	562	IAHF	´-
Fundacion Araucaria	1,000	IASC	893
Heart Care Foundation, Comilla	562	PASCAR	_
Heart Friends around the World	200		4,893
Heart Research UK	4,361		
Indonesian Cardiocerebrovascular	,	Individual member	
Society	562		
International Academy of Cardiovascula	ı -	Received	_
International Forum Hypertension Africa			
International Society for Holter &			
Non Invasive Electrocardiology	1,000	Swiss Member	
International Society of Cardiomyopathy			
& Heart Failure	200	Hearts for All	1,000
International Society of		International Council of Nurses	200
Cardiovascular Ultrasound	-	ISMAAP	1,000
International Society of		Swiss Heart Foundation	4,502
CVD Epidemiology and Prevention	1,000	Swiss Society of Cardiology	4,502
International Society of Cardiovascular		,	11,204
Pharmacotherapy	1,000		
Norwegian Heart & Lung Patient Organi		Membership fees to be received	
Preventive Cardiovascular Nurses		page 2	6,600
Association	1,000	. •	
ProCOR / Lown Cardiovascular	1,000	Membership fees recognised in 2010	41,722
Research Foundation	,		
Public Health Foundation	844	Total membership fees recognised	
Sarawak Heart Foundation	493	in 2010	539,458
The Society of Chest Pain			
Centers & Providers	1,000		
World Heart Failure Society	1,000		
•	19,025	•	

NOTE 3 - ATTRIBUTION TO PREPAID INCOME AND ARREARS OF MEMBERSHIP FEES RECEIVED IN THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

Prepaid	CHF	Arrears	CHF
InterAmerican Society		Academy of Cardiology at Mumbai	562
of Cardiology	108	African Heart Network	1,000
3 3 3 3 3 3		Bangladesh Cardiac Society	450
		Bolivian Society of Cardiology	900
		Bulgarian Society of Cardiology	562
		Chilean Society of Cardiology	1,407
		Chinese Society of Cardiology	4,109
		Colombian Society of Cardiology	1,756
		Heart & Stroke Foundation of SA	1,688
		International Forum Hypertension Africa	131
Total prepaid	108	Iranian Heart Association	1,125
		Kenya Cardiac Society	819
		Kuwait Heart Foundation	2,814
		Macau Association of Cardiology	281
		Medtronic International Trading	925
		Nigerian Heart Foundation	450
		Pakistan Cardiac Society	2,814
		San Marino Society of Cardiology	562
		Slovak Society of Cardiology	1,126
		Society of Cardiology of Russian Federation	16,636
		Venezuelan Society of Cardiology	2,251
	Т	otal arrears	42,368

NOTE 4 - DONATIONS RECEIVED IN THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

	Unrestricted					Restricted					
Donors	Corp. Partners / Unrestricted	Total unrestricted	Children	RF/RHD South Pacific	RF/RHD Africa	Capacity Building	Polypill (Focus) Healthy Stadia	Healthy Stadia	Others restricted	Total restricted	Grand Total
Corporate partnerships											
Bayer	279,027	279,027			 -		 -	 - 	-	1	279,027
sanofi	366,650	366,650	1	•	•	•	•	,	1	'	366,650
Unilever	563,287	563,287	1	•	•	,	•	•	•	'	563,287
Sub-total	1,208,964	1,208,964		,		1		,	,		1,208,964
Corporate donors											
Meditonic	93 285	93.285								'	93 285
Novartis	29,269	29.240								'	29.240
Omron		'	,	•	•	27.238	•		•	27.238	27,238
Pfizer	59,296	59,296	ı	1	1	'		1	1	,	59,296
Sub-total	181,820	181,820	1	-		27,238	-	-	-	27,238	209,058
Friends of WHF Trust											
The Minneapolis Foundation		-		17,867					-	17,867	17,867
Sub-total	-			17,867			-	-	-	17,867	
Foundations											
Fise Kröner-Frenesius-Stiftung		-		'	338.583	'	,			338.583	338.583
Medtronic Foundation	1	1	90,000	,		1		,	95,000		185,000
Sub-total	-	•	000'06	 -	338,583	 -	'		95,000	523,583	
Organizations											
Canola Council of Canada	21,370	21,370		1	1	ı			-	,	21,370
UEFA	332,885	332,885	65,510	,	•	1	1	146,272	•	211,782	4,
Sub-total	354,255	354,255	65,510	1	1	1	1	146,272	-	211,782	
European Commission											
European Commission	٠	,					21,684			21,684	21,684
Sub-total	-		1		1		21,684	'	·	21,684	
Other donors											
Other	5,627	5,627								'	5,627
Sub-total	5,627	5,627	-	1	1	1	-	-	_		5,627
Total	1,750,666	1,750,666	155,510	17,867	338,583	27,238	21,684	146,272	95,000	802,154	2,552,820

NOTE 5 - ANALYSIS OF EXPENDITURE

General and administrative	<u>2010</u> CHF	2009 CHF
Secretariat		
Salaries and social charges Rent and insurance Office equipment leasing Maintenance and repairs Telephone Office supplies and equipment Subscriptions and dues Professional services (Audit/Accounting/Lawyer) Bank charges and miscellaneous	347,023 248,069 27,837 31,177 28,768 6,688 1,566 214,553 36,055	442,854 269,311 28,500 29,491 27,778 6,053 4,895 165,570 86,312
Development and Member Communications		
Development Marketing, PR and events Professional services (IT/Website maintenance) Depreciation of office furniture and equipment Postage Printing	355,092 181,581 234,357 71,252 3,660 3,585	517,775 184,535 214,316 94,831 4,518 1,276

NOTE 6 - ANALYSIS OF ACTIVITY AND PROJECT EXPENDITURE

	2010	2009
	CHF	CHF
Activities		
Executive Board/President's expenses Scientific Advisory Board and Councils Foundation's Advisory Board Scientific and Policy Initiative Committee (SPIC) Network Capacity Building Journals Total Activities	108,462 - - 145,107 164,416 - 417,985	138,659 160,214 118,062 - - 14,624
Total Activities	417,985	431,559
Projects		
World Heart Day Go Red for Women Grenada Heart Project Sesame Colombia Polypill project RHD South Pacific RHD Africa Childhood Obesity Healthy Lifestyle AF Aware Healthy Stadia Twin Centres Advocacy Tobacco control	220,196 195,226 - - 22,523 41,286 247,866 160,655 28,788 123,603 70,771 - 214,384 92,976	220,681 185,657 210,021 4,109 - 118,444 - 117,647 18,076 - - 18,737 277,882 111,261
Total Projects	1,418,274	1,282,515

NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL INCOME AND EXPENSES

	2010 CHF		_	2009 CHF
Gains and losses on investments				
Net realized (loss) / gain on portfolio Net realized foreign exchange (loss) / gain	(- 314,125)	(79,071) 63,689
Net realized (loss) / gain on investments	(314,125)	(15,381)
Net unrealized (loss) / gain on portfolio Net unrealized foreign exchange (loss) / gain	(60,189 61,936)	(254,207 22,600)
Net unrealized loss on investments	(1,748)		231,607
Net (loss) / gain on investments	(315,873)	_	216,225

NOTE 8 - TOTAL SALARIES AND SOCIAL CHARGES

	2010 CHF	2009 CHF
Salaries and social charges		
Total salaries and social charges incurred in the year	2,260,034	2,289,375

NOTE 9 - DONATIONS IN KIND & SERVICES

For the year ended 31 December

The Federation is grateful to have received the following goods and services at no charge:

	2010 CHF	2009 CHF
	Orn	OH
<u>Donations in kind</u> American Heart Association		
Booth	2,889	3,140
British Cardiovascular Society		
Booth	0	3,245
World Congress on Tobacco or Health		
Booth	0	4,926
Asia Pacific Congress of Cardiology	0	0.440
Booth	0	9,119
<u>Transcatheter Cardiovascular Therapeutics</u> Booth	0	1,017
	O	1,017
Great Wall International Congress of Cardiology Booth	0	7,540
		•
<u>Total donations in kind</u>	<u>2,889</u>	<u>28,987</u>
<u>Donations in services</u>		
Weber Shandwick Worldwide		
Strategy communications , PR campaign's activites	43,415	0
<u>Total donations in services</u>	<u>43,415</u>	<u>0</u>
Total amount of goods in kind and services received	46,304	28,987

NOTE 10 - LEASING COMMITMENTS

For the year ended 31 December

At 31 December the Federation had the following future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases for office equipment and office rent, which are not required to be reflected in the balance sheet:

	2010 CHF	2009 CHF
Payments to be made within one year Payments to be made after more than one year	312,655 113,990 426,645	309,708 401,841 711,549

NOTE 11 - FIXED ASSETS

	Computer Equipment	Furniture	Fixtures and fittings	Total
	CHF	CHF	CHF	CHF
Fixed assets at cost				
Opening balance at 1 January 2009	317,810	196,168	151,375	665,353
Additions	7,789	26,919	0	34,708
Closing balance at 31 December 2009	325,599	223,087	151,375	700,061
Accumulated depreciation				
Opening balance at 1 January 2009	(249,840)	(105,135)	(127,046)	(482,021)
Current year depreciation	(42,873)	(32,125)	(19,833)	(94,831)
Closing balance at 31 December 2009	(292,713)	(137,260)	(146,879)	(576,852)
Fixed assets - Net book amount	32,886	85,827	4,496	123,209
Fixed assets at cost				
Opening balance at 1 January 2010	325,599	223,087	151,375	700,061
Additions	53,681	3,782	131,373	57,463
Closing balance at 31 December 2010	379,280	226,869	151,375	757,524
Accumulated depreciation				
Opening balance at 1 January 2010	(292,713)	(137,260)	(146,879)	(576,852)
Current year depreciation	(36,977)	(32,435)	(1,840)	(71,252)
Closing balance at 31 December 2010	(329,690)	(169,695)	(148,719)	(648,104)
Fixed assets - Net book amount	49,590	57,174	2,656	109,420

NOTE 12 - EXPLANATORY NOTE ON THE 2012 AND 2010 WORLD CONGRESSES OF CARDIOLOGY

For the year ended 31 December 2010

The World Congress of Cardiology (WCC) is organized by the association every two years and the execess/(shortage) is recognised upon completion of the project. The operating receipts, salaries and social charges and other operating expenditulare those incurred from the start of each congress.

	WCC 2012		WCC 2010		
	CHF		CHF		
Operating receipts	484,477		7,581,995		
Salaries and social charges Other operating expenditure	355,015 105,512) (1,041,031 5,672,717		
Transfer of the WCC 2010 excess into the WHF 2010 statement of Receipts and Operating Expenditure following close of the congress			868,247		
WCC 2012 excess of receipts over expenditure to 31 December 2010, deffered as per Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Reserves funds	23,950				

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WORLD HEART FEDERATION STAFF

based at international headquarters, Geneva, Switzerland, as at April 2010

Helen Alderson, Chief Executive Officer Sabrina Adolf, Project Manager, Congress Division Enzo Bondioni, Director of Finance & Administration Sara Bowen, Website Manager Alan Cole, Corporate Relations Manager, Congress Division Amy Collins, Intern, Advocacy Susan Davenport, Science Programme Coordinator Cynthia Gaechner, Scientific Programme Assistant Alice Grainger Gasser, Manager of Demonstration Projects Cynthia Haro, Membership and Campaigns Coordinator Léna Hässig, Administrative Assistant, Congress Division Marilyn Hunn, Director Science Operations Charanjit Jagait, PhD, Director of Communications Heidi Lake, Administrative Assistant Graham Minton, Director, Corporate Relations MaryRose Rudaz, Administrative Assistant, HR & Finance Kathryn Taubert, PhD, Senior Science Officer Lauriane Zonco, Advocacy Coordinator

World Heart Federation

7, rue des Battoirs P.O. Box 155 1211 Geneva 4 Switzerland

Tel: (+41 22) 807 03 20 Fax: (+41 22) 807 03 39 www.worldheart.org